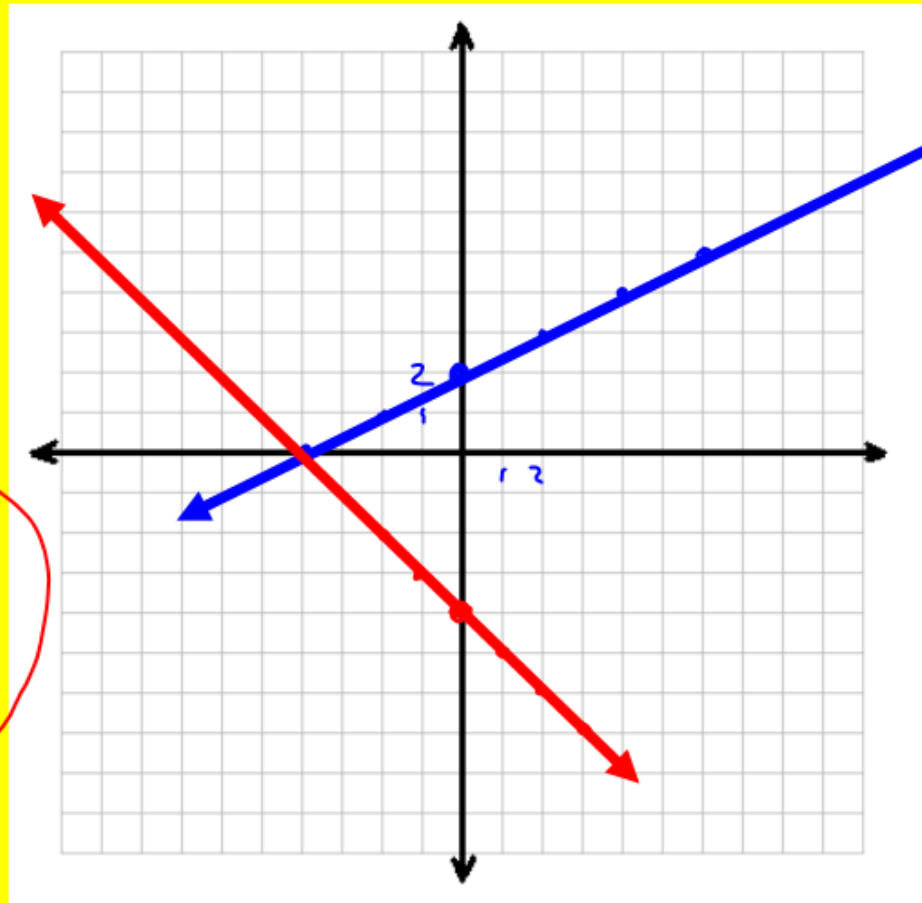


Warmup: Solve the following system of Equations by Graphing

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$$

$$y = -x - 4$$

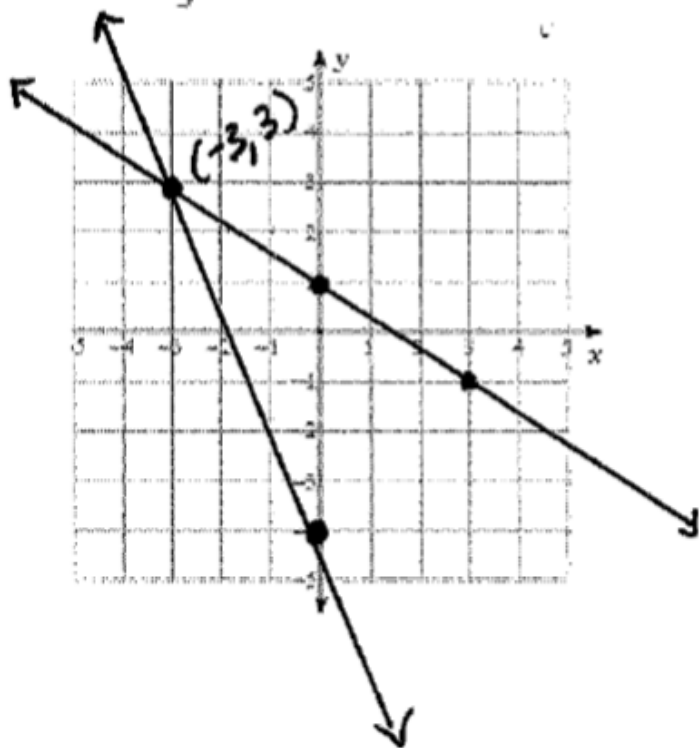
$(-4, 0)$



1. $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 1$

$y = -\frac{7}{3}x - 4$

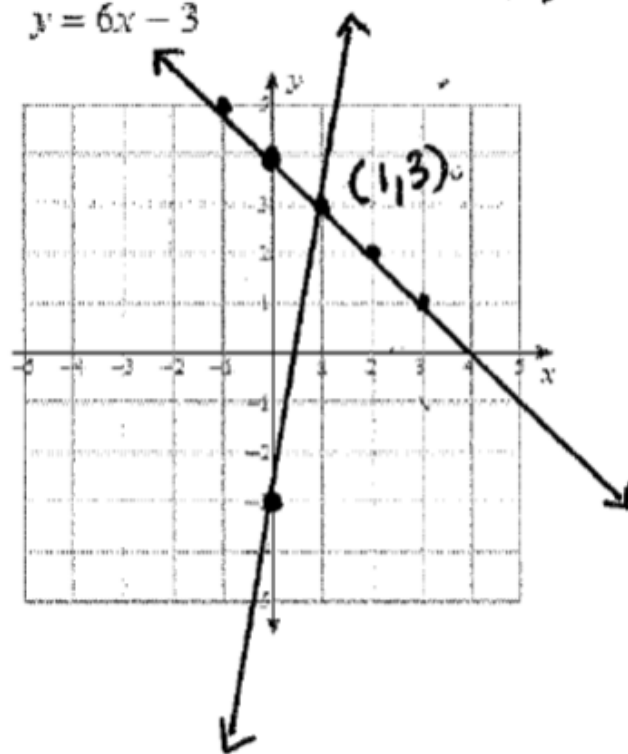
$(-3, 3)$



2. $y = -x + 4$

$y = 6x - 3$

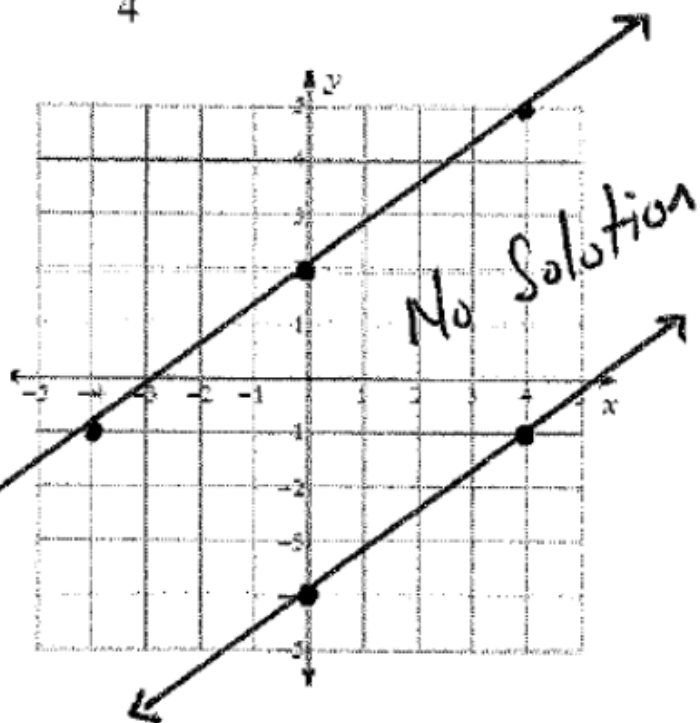
$(1, 3)$



3.

$$y = \frac{3}{4}x - 4$$

$$y = \frac{3}{4}x + 2$$

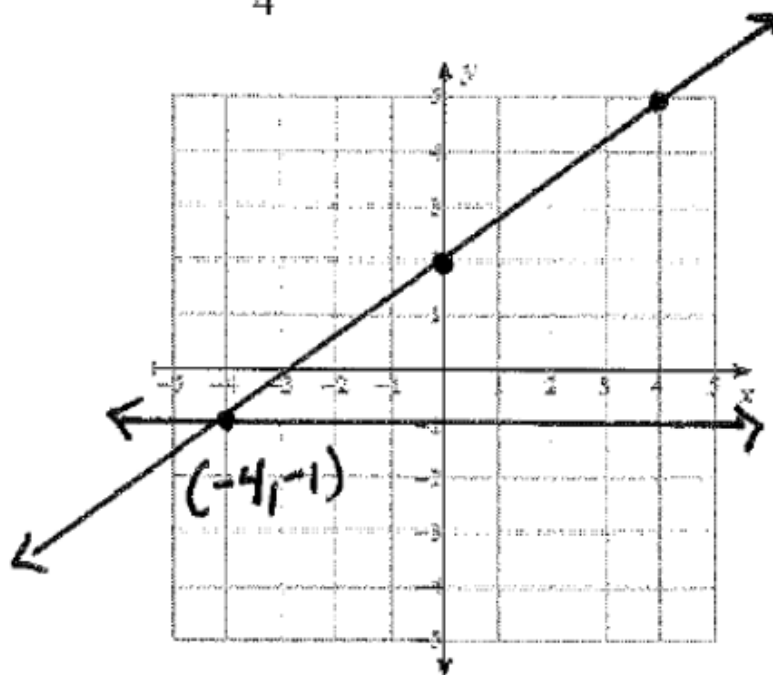


4.

$$y = -1$$

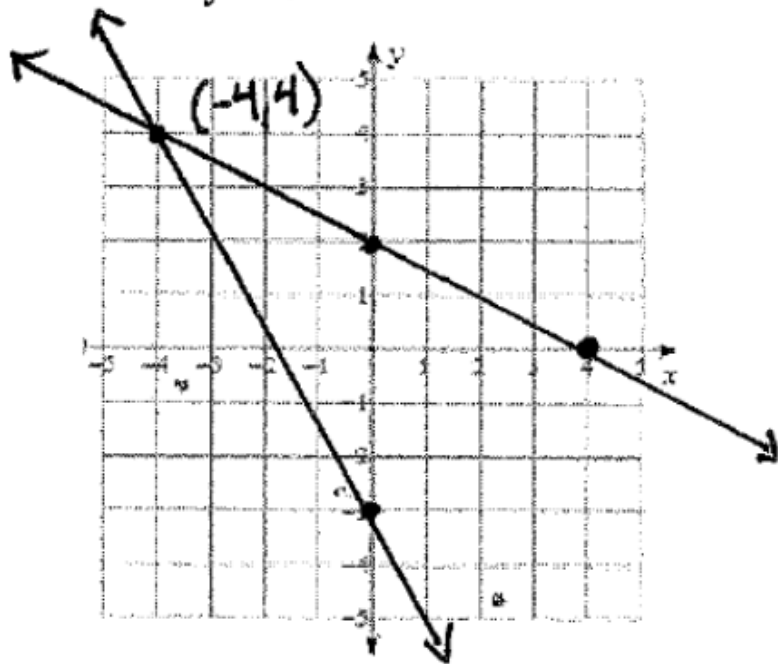
$$y = \frac{3}{4}x + 2$$

$$(-4, -1)$$



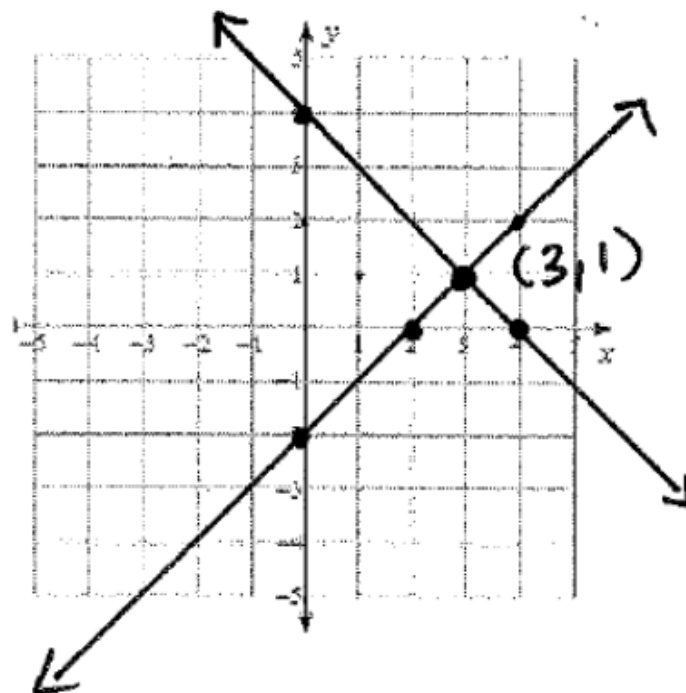
5. $7x + 4y = -12$
 $x + 2y = 4$

$(-4, 4)$



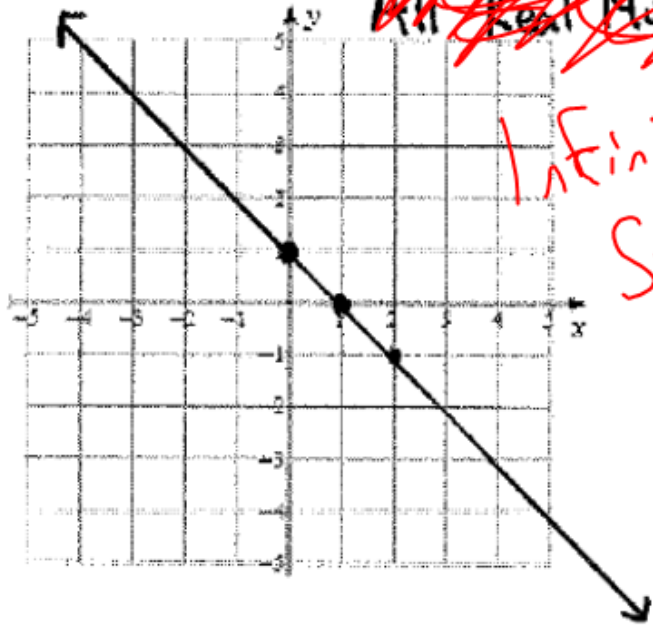
6. $x - y = 2$
 $x + y = 4$

$(3, 1)$



7.

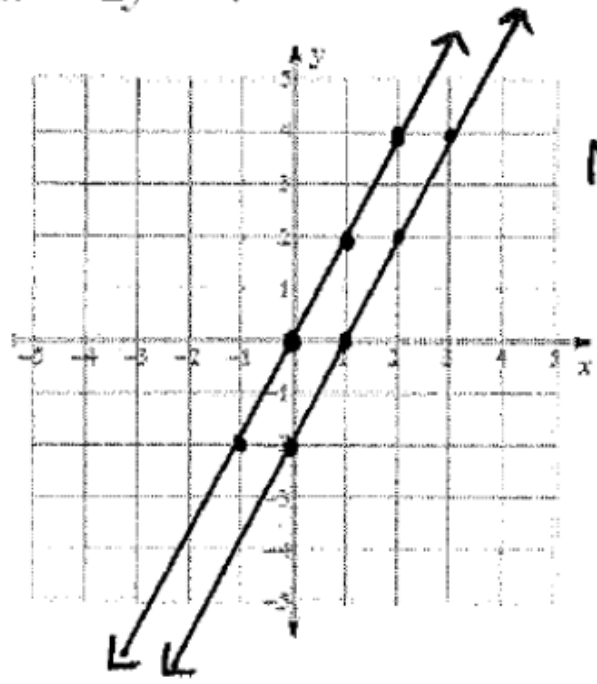
$$\begin{aligned}x - y &= 1 \\ 3x + 3y &= 3\end{aligned}$$



~~All Real Numbers~~
Infinite Solutions

8.

$$\begin{aligned}4x - 2y &= 4 \\ 4x - 2y &= 0\end{aligned}$$



No Solution

E.Q.:

How do I solve a system of linear equations algebraically using the elimination method?

Standard:

★ Graphing
 "Substitution"
 ★ Elimination

MGSE9-12.A.REI.5 Show and explain why the elimination method works to solve a system of two-variable equations.

$$2x + 3 = 4x - 7$$

$$3 = 2x - 7$$

$$10 = 2x$$

$$x = 5 \quad y = 13$$

$$y = (2x + 3)$$

$$y = (4x - 7)$$

$$y = 2(5) + 3 = 13$$

$$y = 4(5) - 7 = 13$$

$$y = (2x + 3)$$

$$4x + 3y = 10$$

$$4x + 3(2x + 3) = 10$$

Two small ~~pitchers~~ and one large ~~pitcher~~ can hold 8 cups of water. One large pitcher minus one small pitcher constitutes 2 cups of water. How many cups of water can each pitcher hold?



Define your variables.

Let s = size of small pitcher (cups)

Write a system of equations to represent this scenario.

Let l = size of large pitcher (large)

$$\begin{aligned} 2s + l &= 8 \\ l - s &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Q} \\ \text{or} \\ \begin{array}{r} l + 2s = 8 \\ - (l - s = 2) \\ \hline 3s = 6 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$l - s = 2$$

$$l - 2 = 2$$

$$l = 4 \text{ cups}$$

$$s = 2 \text{ cups}$$



Solving Systems of Equations

- So far, we have solved systems using graphing. These notes show how to solve the system algebraically using ELIMINATION with addition and subtraction.
- ★ ● Elimination is easiest when the equations are in standard form. ★

Solving a system of equations by elimination using addition and subtraction.

Step 1: Put the equations in Standard Form.

Standard Form: $Ax + By = C$

Step 2: Determine which variable to eliminate.

Look for variables that have the same coefficient.

Step 3: Add or subtract the equations.

Solve for the variable.

Step 4: Plug back in to find the other variable.

Substitute the value of the variable into the equation.

Step 5: Check your solution.

Substitute your ordered pair into BOTH equations.

— SPACÉ —

1) Solve the system using elimination.

$$x + y = 5$$

$$3x - y = 7$$

✓
Step 1: Put the equations in Standard Form.

y
Step 2: Determine which variable to eliminate.

Step 3: Add or subtract the equations.

$$4x = 12$$

1) Solve the system using elimination.

$$\textcircled{x} + y = 5$$

$$3x - y = 7$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{12}{4}$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 3}}$$

Step 4: Plug back in to find the other variable.

Step 5: Check your solution.

$$3 + y = 5$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = 2}}$$

The solution is (3, 2). What do you think the answer would be if you solved using substitution?

Let's Do Another

$$\cancel{-2x} + 3y = -2$$

$$\cancel{2x} + 3y = -10$$

$$6y = -12$$

$$\underline{y = -2}$$

x / add

$$2x + 3(-2) = -10$$

$$2x - 6 = -10$$

$$2x = -4$$

$$\underline{x = -2}$$

Try on your own

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x - 3y = -2 \\ + \quad x + 3y = 17 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$3x = 15$$

$$x = 5$$

$$5 + 3y = 17$$

$$3y = 12$$

$$y = 4$$

2) Solve the system using elimination.

$$4x + y = 7$$

$$4x - 2y = -2$$

Step 1: Put the equations in Standard Form.

Step 2: Determine which variable to eliminate.

Step 3: Add or subtract the equations.

$$\begin{array}{r} \cancel{4}x + y = 7 \\ -(\cancel{4}x - 2y = -2) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$3y = 9$$

$$y = 3$$

2) Solve the system using elimination.

$$\begin{aligned}4x + y &= 7 \\4x - 2y &= -2\end{aligned}$$

$$y = 3$$

Step 4: Plug back in to find the other variable.

$$4x + 3 = 7$$

$$4x = 4$$

Step 5: Check your solution.

$$x = 1$$

Try on your own

$$3x + 1 = 4$$

$$3x = 3$$

$$x = 1$$

$$3x + y = 4$$

$$3x + 4y = 7$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + y = 4 \\ -3x - 4y = -7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$-3y = -3$$

$$y = 1$$

x / subtract

Two small pitchers and one large pitcher can hold 8 cups of water. One large pitcher minus one small pitcher constitutes 2 cups of water. How many cups of water can each pitcher hold?



Solving Systems of Equations

- What happens when the coefficients are not the same?
- We multiply the equations to make them the same! You'll see...

Solving a system of equations by elimination using multiplication.

Step 1: Put the equations in Standard Form.

Standard Form: $Ax + By = C$

Step 2: Determine which variable to eliminate.

Look for variables that have the same coefficient.

Step 3: Multiply the equations and solve.

Solve for the variable.

Step 4: Plug back in to find the other variable.

Substitute the value of the variable into the equation.

Step 5: Check your solution.

Substitute your ordered pair into BOTH equations.

1) Solve the system using elimination.

$$2x + 2y = 6$$

$$2(3x - y = 5)$$

$$2x + 2y = 6$$

$$6x - 2y = 10$$

Step 1: Put the equations in Standard Form.

They already are!

Step 2: Determine which variable to eliminate.

None of the coefficients are the same!

Find the least common multiple of each variable.

$$\text{LCM} = 6x, \text{LCM} = 2y$$

Which is easier to obtain?

$$2y$$

(you only have to multiply the bottom equation by 2)

1) Solve the system using elimination.

$$2x + 2y = 6$$

$$2(3x - y = 5)$$

Step 3: Multiply the equations and solve.

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 2y = 6 \\ 6x - 2y = 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Step 4: Plug back in to find the other variable.

$$8x = 16$$

$$x = 2$$

$$2(2) + 2y = 6$$

$$4 + 2y = 6$$

$$2y = 2$$

$$y = 1$$

1) Solve the system using elimination.

$$2x + 2y = 6$$

$$3x - y = 5$$

Step 5: Check your solution.

Solving with multiplication adds one more step to the elimination process.

2) Solve the system using elimination.

$$-4(x + 4y = 7)$$

$$4x - 3y = 9$$

Step 1: Put the equations in Standard Form.

Step 2: Determine which variable to eliminate.

$$\begin{array}{r} -4x - 16y = -28 \\ \underline{4x - 3y = 9} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -19y = -19 \\ \hline -19 \quad -19 \end{array}$$

$$y = 1$$

$$x + 4(1) = 7$$

$$x + 4 = 7$$

$$x = 3$$

2) Solve the system using elimination.

$$x + 4y = 7$$

$$4x - 3y = 9$$

Step 3: Multiply the equations and solve.

Step 4: Plug back in to find the other variable.

2) Solve the system using elimination.

$$\begin{aligned}x + 4y &= 7 \\4x - 3y &= 9\end{aligned}$$

Step 5: Check your solution.

3) Solve the system using elimination.

$$3x + 4y = -1$$

$$4x - 3y = 7$$

Step 1: Put the equations in Standard Form.

They already are!

Step 2: Determine which variable to eliminate.

Find the least common multiple of each variable.

$$\text{LCM} = 12x, \text{LCM} = 12y$$

Which is easier to obtain?

Either! I'll pick y because the signs are already opposite.

3) Solve the system using elimination.

$$3x + 4y = -1$$

$$4x - 3y = 7$$

Step 3: Multiply the equations and solve.

Step 4: Plug back in to find the other variable.

3) Solve the system using elimination.

$$3x + 4y = -1$$

$$4x - 3y = 7$$

Step 5: Check your solution.

Last One!!

$$-5 \quad (3x + 2y = 14)$$

$$2 \quad (4x + 5y = 35)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -15x \quad -10y = -70 \\ 8x \quad +10y = 70 \\ \hline -7x \quad = 0 \\ \hline -7 \quad = -7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y = 7 \\ x = 0 \end{array}$$

Homework #8

Solving Systems of Equations by Elimination